

CHI Learning & Development (CHILD) System

Project Title

Reduction of Plasma Sodium Overcorrection for Severe Hyponatremia Patients

Project Lead and Members

Project lead:

- Dr Huang Wenhui
- Dr Ang Joo Shiang

Project members:

- Dr. Chin Hao Ren
- Ms. Sundramala
- Adj A/Prof Robert Hawkins

Organisation(s) Involved

Tan Tock Seng Hospital

Healthcare Family Group(s) Involved in this Project

Allied Health, Medical

Applicable Specialty or Discipline

Laboratory Medicine

Project Period

Start date: 01 July 2021

Completed date: 28 February 2022

Aims

To reduce the proportion of overcorrection of severe hyponatremia (*Defined as plasma sodium <120mmol/L*) in Medical (*General Medicine inpatients*) inpatients (admitted from Emergency Department) within the first 48 hours (*First 48 hours from the time the 1st plasma sodium was run.*) from 44% to <25%; within 6 months.



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Project Attachment

See poster attached/below

Background

See poster attached/below

Methods

See poster attached/below

Results

See poster attached/below

Conclusion

See poster attached/below

Additional Information

Accorded the NHG Quality Day 2022 (Category D: Building Strong Partnerships in Improvement Work) Merit Award

Project Category

Care & Process Redesign

Risk Management, Adverse Outcome Reduction

Keywords

Plasma Sodium, Overcorrection, Hyponatremia

Name and Email of Project Contact Person(s)

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Reduction of Plasma Sodium Overcorrection for Severe Hyponatremia Patients



¹ Dr. Huang Wenhui & ² Dr. Ang Joo Shiang

¹ General Medicine (GM) | ² Emergency Department (ED)

Dec-18

9 (53%)

Adding years of healthy life

Mission Statement

To reduce the proportion of overcorrection of severe hyponatremia¹ in medical² inpatients (admitted from Emergency Department) within the first 48 hours³ from 44% to <25%; within 6 months

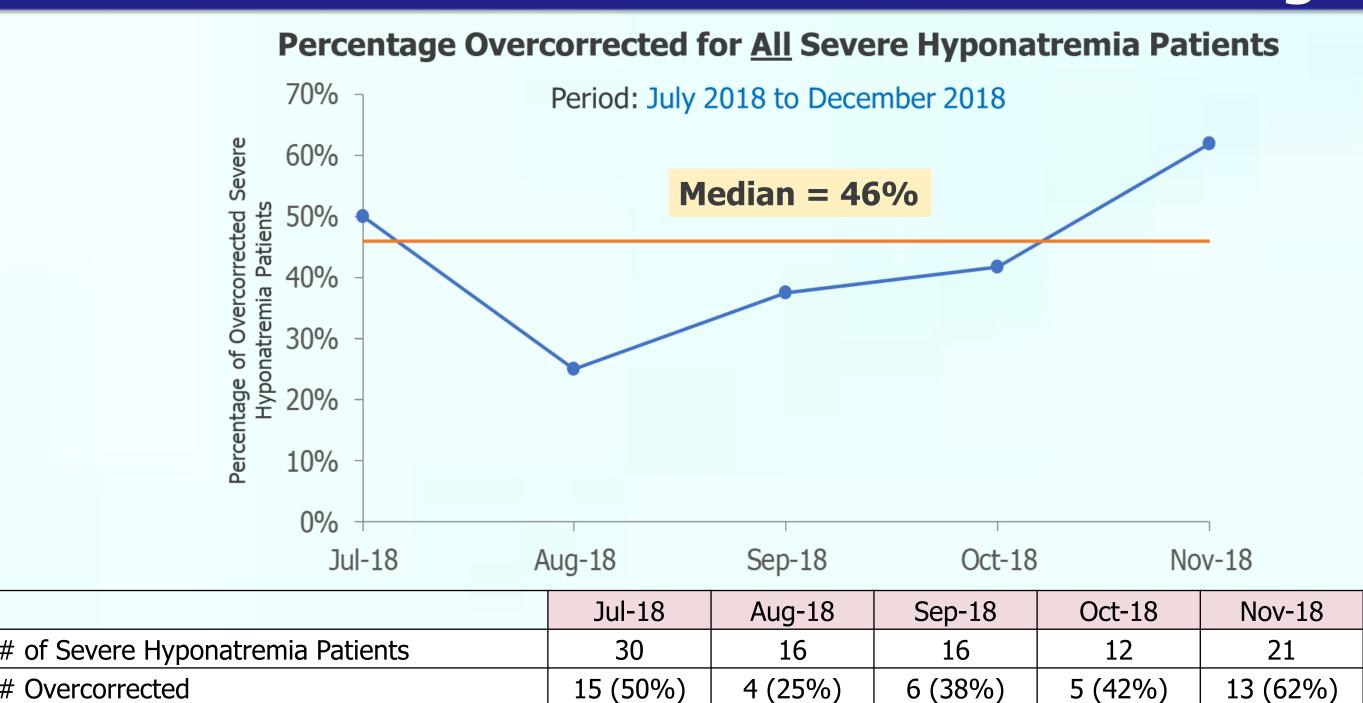
- ¹ Defined as plasma sodium <120mmol/L
- ² General Medicine inpatients

Appropriately Corrected

³ First 48 hours from the time the 1st plasma sodium was run. Existing international guidelines typically focus over the first 24 or 48 hours.

Team Members				
	Name	Designation	Department	
Team	Dr. Huang Wenhui	Consultant	General Medicine	
Leaders	Dr. Ang Joo Shiang	Consultant	Emergency Department	
Team	Dr. Chin Hao Ren	Senior Resident	Emergency Department	
Members	Ms. Sundramala	Nursing Manager	Emergency Department	
	Adj A/Prof Robert Hawkins	Senior Consultant	Laboratory Medicine	
Sponsors	A/Prof Jackie Tan Yu-ling (Head of General Medicine) Adj Asst Prof Ang Hou (Head of Emergency Department)			
Mentors	Dr Lim Yen Peng & Dr Tricia Yung Sek Hwee			

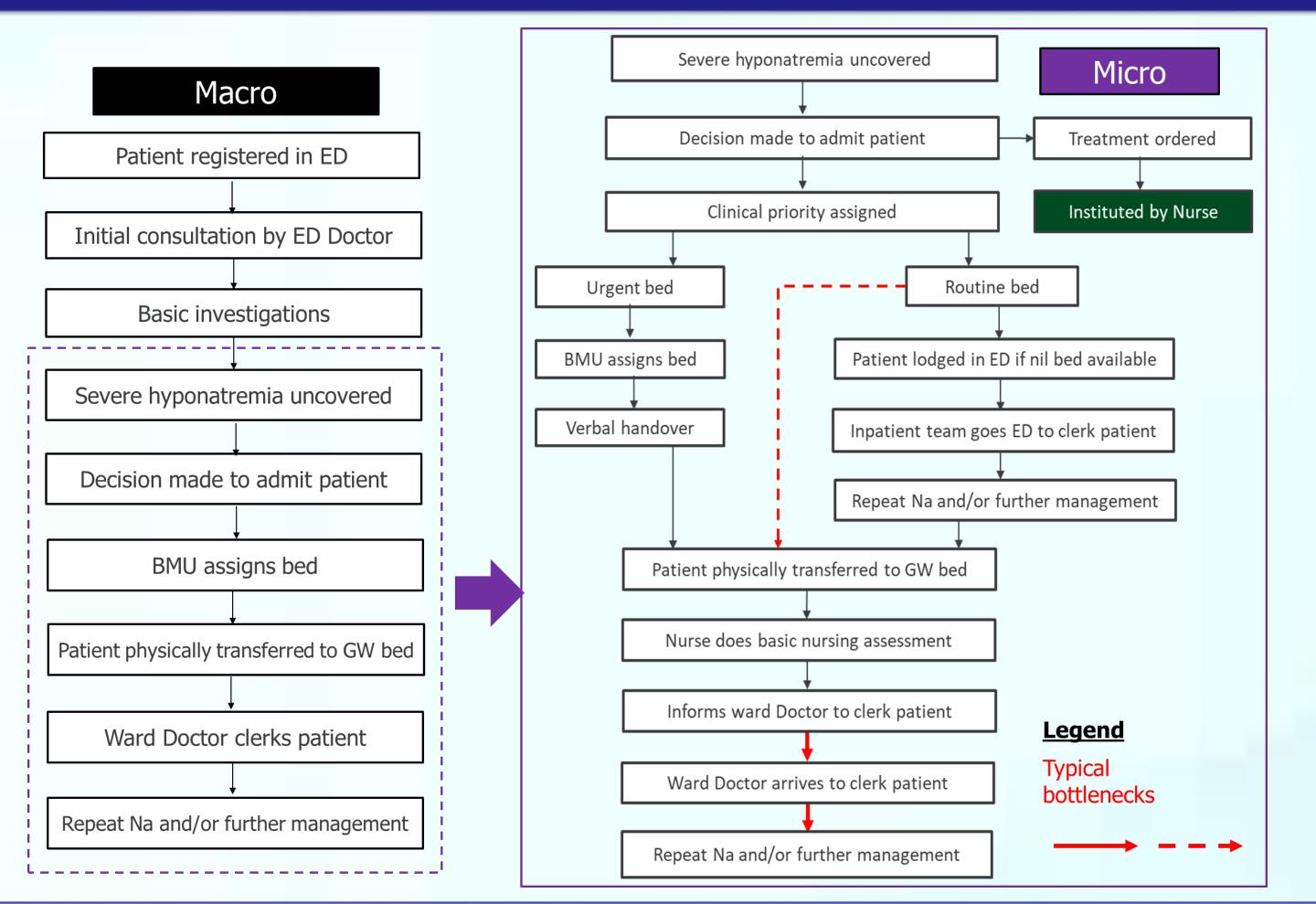
Evidence for a Problem Worth Solving



Flow Chart of Process

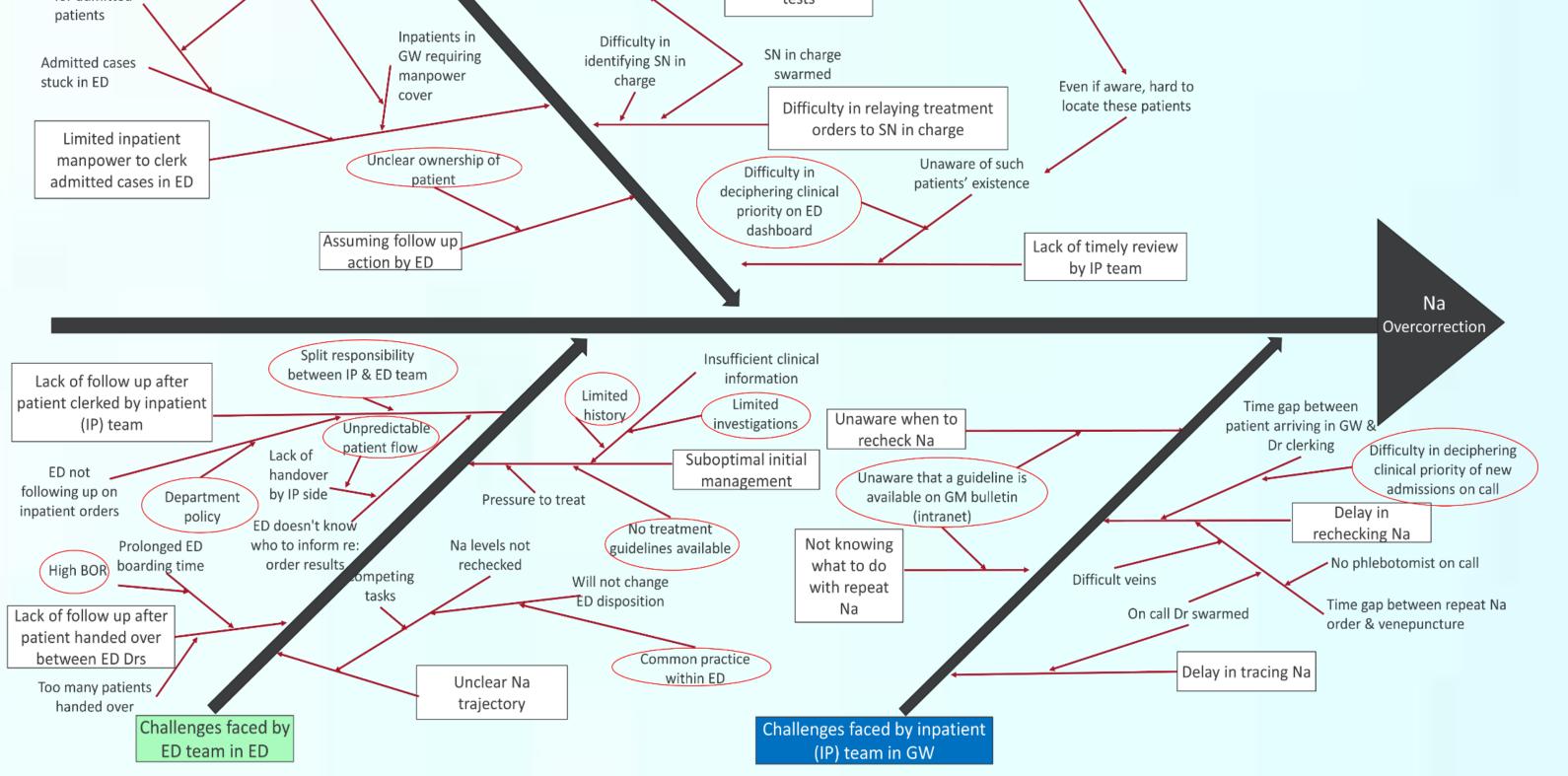
12

15



Cause and Effect Diagram

Challenges faced by Unfamiliarity with various ED npatient (IP) team in ED layout/workflow Difficulty in Long bed wait in ED repeating blood for admitted patients Inpatients in Difficulty in GW requiring SN in charge identifying SN in Admitted cases manpower stuck in ED Even if aware, hard to cover locate these patients Difficulty in relaying treatment orders to SN in charge



Pareto Chart Caused that led to Overcorrection No monitoring/treatment guidelines Cause A of Plasma Sodium 100 100 in ED Difficulty in deciphering clinical Number of Vote 5 Cause B 60 priority 62.5 Unaware of clinical guideline in GM Cause C 37.5 E-Bulletin 20 Split responsibility between ED and Cause D Cause A Cause B Cause C Cause D inpatient

Implementation				
SN	Root Cause	Intervention	Implementation Date	
1	Time taken for inpatient team to review patients with severe hyponatremia lodged in ED	9	14 Nov 2021	
2	On call medical general ward team (GW) has difficulty deciphering clinical priority of multiple "stable" new admissions	1. Improve precision of admitting diagnosis (to better convey a sense of urgency) i.e. to state "SEVERE hyponatremia" as the primary admitting diagnosis (instead of hyponatremia or symptoms e.g. vomiting) 2. Verbal handover from ED to GW team for early review	14 Nov 2021	
3	Lack of awareness of severe hyponatremia CPG in GM bulletin (intranet)	 Email reminder to junior doctors Incorporate into junior doctors orientation 	6 Dec 2021	
4	Reinforcing items (1) & (2)	Creation of an electronic popup [see "Strategies to Sustain" below]	14 Dec 2021	

Results

Percentage of Overcorrected Plasma Sodium for Severe Hyponatremia Patients

Period: Jul 2021 to Feb 2022 Intervention #1 & #2: Facilitating review in ED by inpatient team & Facilitating prioritization of new admissions to GW rection **Intervention #3: Increase CPG Awareness** Intervention #1 & #2 Reinforcement & **Electronic Pop Up →** Data — Target 20 Pre-Intervention Median = **54.3%** Post-Intervention Median = **32.1%** Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb-22 21

Month	Total # of cases	# Overcorrected	% Overcorrected
Jul 21	6	4	67
Aug 21	10	5	50
Sep 21	7	3	43
Oct 21	6	4	67
Nov 21	9	4	44
Dec 21	10	3	30
Jan 22	6	2	33
Feb 22	9	3	33

Cost Savings				
	Pre-Intervention (5 Months)	Post-Intervention (3 Month)		
Median LOS (per patient)	10.5	9		
Median LOS saved (per patient)	10.5 – 9 =	= 1.5 days		
Cost saved (per patient)	1.5 x \$1,11 ⁴	4* = \$1,671		
Assumption: Total number of patients with severe hyponatremia in a year (admitted to GM) = 78 x 2 = 156**				
Total Cost Savings (Annualized) 1.5 x 156 x \$1,114 = \$260,676		14 = \$260,676		

*Unit cost for inpatient stay per day per patient = \$1,114 **As per Year 2018, 78 cases over July to December 2018 (to GM alone).

Problems Encountered				
ED Perspective	GM perspective			
Different departments have different needs	Difficult to tackle a problem for which there is a strong element of clinical judgement required			
Existing workflows affected by COVID-19	Lack of departmental awareness of our CPIP			
Starting interventions concurrently makes it difficult to assess effectiveness of individual intervention	"Hard" outcomes less readily available for our CPIP			

Strategies to Sustain

- Naturalize interventions fitting them into the pre-existing system in the least unobtrusive way
- Audit & Reinforcement [see electronic POP up below]
- Feedback re-visitation changing COVID-19 workflows; ED demands
- Planning regarding integration of interventions into EPIC

